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# North American Water-Mites

## INTRODUCTION

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Fewer than fifty species of water-mites were known from North America in 1900. Now more than two hundred and seventy species are known, largely through the work of Dr. Ruth Marshall. During her forty years' study of the group Miss Marshall amassed a collection containing abundant material of nearly every species known from this continent. In addition to the type material of her own species, the Marshall Collection contains most of the Wolcott types, paratypes from Lavers, and a few types of species described from North America by Lundblad, Koenike, and Karl Viets. This collection was deposited in Chicago Natural History Museum in 1945. A listing of the types in the Marshall Collection was started and, as the work progressed, it was apparent that with a little expansion a full listing of the North American water-mites could be prepared. The species represented by type material in the Marshall Collection are indicated by the designation "[Marshall Collection]" following the citation. A detailed listing of the types is not possible at present for two reasons. Types of the first few species described by Miss Marshall were destroyed in a fire and subsequent neotype selections have not been published. In most of the descriptions, the type series was not clearly indicated and a formal designation of the holotype was not made. Further clarification of the type material should be undertaken through revisionary studies.

The synonymies in the check list represent, as far as is possible to ascertain, the views of Miss Marshall as expressed in her papers, and, in a few cases, in her notes. Subgenera were rarely indicated by her, hence they can be listed in only a few cases. Furthermore, most authors have defined the subgenera in the course of limited faunistic studies, with the result that general usage of subgenera is difficult. Also, the understanding of the Nearctic fauna is so limited that the use of subgenera is not particularly helpful in most cases. The subgenera of *Hydrachna* and *Arrenurus* are obvious exceptions. It is suggested (Lundblad, 1944) that intergradation between the subgenera *Truncaturus*, *Megaluracarus*, and *Micruracarus* of the

genus *Arrenurus* is a basis for suppressing the use of these categories. The definition of the subgenera is, in respect to the few marginal forms, clearly arbitrary. Regardless of the decision in this matter, it is obvious that each of the subgenera indicates a phyletic line and is of great practical value in breaking up a genus of tremendous size.

In a few cases there is uncertainty about the selection of generotypes, a question on which I do not feel qualified to pass judgment. Current usage by European workers has been followed in these cases. Viets (1949) gives a full discussion of the two major name changes affecting the species considered here. *Atractides* must be applied in place of *Megapus* and the species that have been included in *Atractides* must be referred to under the name *Torrenticola*. This unfortunate change calls for changing the family name Atractideidae to Torrenticolidae. The genus *Acercus* must now be referred to under the name *Tiphys*.

Families of water-mites have been defined entirely by European investigators. The system adopted today was outlined in the papers of Thor, but it has been modified and developed through the research of Viets and Lundblad. Lundblad's classification (1941b) has been followed here because it is the most recent complete listing of the genera. It differs only slightly from that of Karl Viets (1936).

The forty families of water-mites, although closely related, cannot be assigned to an inclusive taxonomic category. Many authors have chosen to cite Hydrachnellae or Hydracarina (Latinized names for water-mites) in the same fashion as a taxonomic category. Since there is general agreement that the group is an ecological and not a phyletic one, such a practice seems illogical and misleading. The various systems for grouping the water-mites with the prostigmatid mites suffer from the lack of any critical information on the internal and skeletal anatomy.

I am aware that much critical study is necessary to clarify the status of many of the groups listed below. Furthermore, many genera known to occur in North America are not yet recorded in the literature. Considering these matters, this check list is offered only as a summary of our published knowledge of the North American water-mites.

The preparation of this list has been greatly facilitated by the kind consideration and helpful criticism of Rupert L. Wenzel and Henry S. Dybas. I am indebted to David R. Cook for his help in reviewing and checking the list.

## HISTORY

Before the latter part of the nineteenth century there were only a few publications on our water-mite fauna, all inadequate. The first usable paper, published by Koenike in 1895, gave identifications and descriptions of a surprisingly good collection of water-mites made by J. B. Tyrrell. Around the turn of the century Robert H. Wolcott published a few papers. His key to the genera of the world (1905) was later abridged and included in *Fresh-Water Biology* (1918). The classification suggested in this work is very much out of date due to the subsequent work of various European students.

Between the years 1903 and 1946 Ruth Marshall published forty-one papers. Most of these papers deal with the still-water fauna of the mid-western states. Marshall's descriptions and illustrations form a workable basis for the identification of our water-mites, but it is regrettable that the results of these studies have never been assembled in the form of larger monographs or revisions. Two other significant papers have been published: a revision of the genus *Hydrachna* by Lundblad (1934), and an article by Lavers (1945) on the *Arrenurus* of the state of Washington. Only a few brief descriptive papers on the North American water-mite fauna have appeared since 1900.

Baker and Wharton (1952) have presented a key to, and synopses of, the water-mite families of the world. There are a few inconsistencies in the presentation, because the key, translated from Karl Viets (1936), has not been modified to conform with the classification followed in the family synopses, which were taken from Vitzthum (1940-43).

The most recent publication in this country is that of Pennak (1953), whose key (apparently taken from Wolcott, 1918) is preceded by an account of the biology of water-mites that is remarkably well done, considering the limitations of space. Omissions make the key of little value to the specialist, but probably serve to make the account a comprehensible and reasonably accurate introduction for the non-specialist who deals chiefly with the common genera.

## GENERAL WORKS

None of the keys published in this country (Wolcott, 1905 and 1918; Pennak, 1953) are sufficiently complete for advanced studies of water-mites. Because of the uniformity, at least in generic representation, of the Holarctic fauna the excellent monographs on

the European fauna (Viets, 1936; Motas, 1928; and Lundblad, 1927) are indispensable basic references for any advanced work on the North American water-mite fauna. The volumes published by the Ray Society (Soar and Williamson, 1925-29), though lacking in some critical detail, are frequently helpful in supplying general information.

One meets with considerable difficulty in working with the mites that occur in our streams. Most of the genera are little known and many are not Holarctic; therefore, there is no single work that can be used for identifying these forms.

Attention should be called to certain works as sources of special information. The remarkable morphological diversity of water-mites is clearly demonstrated in the work of Motas (1928). Since 1928, Motas and his associates have done a creditable job of describing the subterranean fauna of the Balkans. Most of the work is summarized by Szalay (1949), although Motas' continued researches have added more forms since that summary. In addition to the fine treatments on the European fauna mentioned earlier, there are two other important faunistic studies, Karl Viets' study of the water-mites of Sumatra, Java, and Bali (1935) and the work of Lundblad (1941-44) on the South American fauna, which is a magnificently illustrated monograph. The extensive work on the African fauna has been reviewed and listed by Karl Viets (1953).

### Family HYDROVOLZIIDAE Thor

*Hydrovolziidae* Thor, 1905, Zool. Anz., 28: 509.

#### Genus *Hydrovolzia* Thor

Generotype: *Polyxo placophora* Monti.

*Hydrovolzia* Thor, 1905, op. cit., pp. 506-507.

*gerhardi* Mitchell, 1954, Chicago Acad. Sci. Nat. Hist. Misc., no. 134, pp. 3-6, figs. 1-3. [C.N.H.M. Collection]

*placophora* Monti, 1905, Rend. Ist. Lomb. Sci. Lett., (2), 38: 170-174, pl. 1, fig. 1, pl. 2, figs. 2-14.

### Family HYDRACHNIDAE Leach

*Hydrachnides* Leach, 1815, Trans. Linn. Soc. London, 11: 399-400.

#### Genus *Hydrachna* Müller

Generotype: *Hydrachna cruenta* Müller.

*Hydrachna* Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrumus, p. 188.

Subgenus *Hydrachna* s. str.

**cruenta** Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrömus, p. 190.

*americana* Marshall, 1929, Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser., no. 33, p. 63, pl. 3, figs. 25-27. [Marshall Collection]

var. *diminuata* Lundblad, 1934, Ark. Zool., 28A, (3), p. 10, figs. 4a-4d.

**magniscutata** Marshall, 1927, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 46: 271-272, pl. 7, figs. 8-11. [Marshall Collection]

var. *reducta* Lundblad, 1934, Ark. Zool., 28A, (3), pp. 13-14, figs. 6a-6e, pl. 1, fig. 8, pl. 2, fig. 16.

var. *separata* Lundblad, 1934, op. cit., p. 15, figs. 5e-5h, pl. 1, fig. 5, pl. 2, fig. 15.

Subgenus *Scutohydrachna* Viets

Generotype: *Hydrachna dorsoscutata* Viets, 1933, Zool. Anz., 103: 162-164, figs. 1-3.

*Scutohydrachna* Viets, 1933, Zool. Anz., 103: 162.

*Chitohydrachna* Habeeb, 1950, Natural. Canad., 77: 116.

**crenulata** Marshall, 1930, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 25: 247, pl. 5, figs. 6-7. [Marshall Collection]

*?ennishonensis* Habeeb, 1950, Natural. Canad., 77: 116-117, figs. 7-11. [C.N.H.M. Collection]

**hutchinsoni** Lundblad, 1934, Ark. Zool., 28A, (3), pp. 20-21, figs. 10a-10e.

**rotunda** Marshall, 1930, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 25: 246-247, pl. 5, figs. 4-5. [Marshall Collection]

Subgenus *Diplohydrachna* Thor

Generotype: *Acarus globosa* Geer, 1778, Mem. hist. ins., 7: 146-147, pl. 9, figs. 11-12.

*Diplohydrachna* Thor, 1916, Rev. Ruisse Ent., 16: 46-47.

**conjecta** Koenike, 1895, Rev. biol. nord. Fr., 7: pp. 145-146, pl. 8, figs. 9-11.

*microscutata* Marshall, 1929, Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser., no. 33, p. 65, pl. 3, figs. 28-30. [Marshall Collection]

**hungerfordi** Lundblad, 1934, Ark. Zool., 28A, (3), pp. 23-25, figs. 13a-13f, 18-19.

Subgenus *Tetrahydrachna* Lundblad

Generotype: *Hydrachna miliaria* Berlese.

*Tetrahydrachna* Lundblad, 1934, Ark. Zool., 28A, (3), p. 30.

**miliaria** Berlese, 1888, Bull. Soc. Ent. Ital., 20: 219.

*bilunata* Marshall, 1931, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 26: 314, pl. 8, figs. 26-27. [Marshall Collection]

Subgenus *Rhabdohydrachna* Viets

Generotype: *Hydrachna comosa* Koenike, 1896, Zool. Anz., 19: 359-360.

*Rhabdohydrachna* Viets, 1931, op. cit., 93: 184.

- canadensis* Marshall, 1929, (female only), Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser., no. 33, pp. 63-64, pl. 3, figs. 21, 22, 24. [Marshall Collection]
- geographica* Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrömus, p. 190 (Palearctic).  
form *americana* Lundblad, 1934, Ark. Zool., 28A, (3), pp. 30-32, figs. 16a-16e.
- hesperia* Lundblad, 1934, Ark. Zool., 28A, (3), pp. 38-41, figs. 21a-21d, pl. 2, fig. 13.
- marshallae* Lundblad, 1934, op. cit., pp. 34-35, 18a-18f. [Marshall Collection]  
*canadensis* Marshall, 1929, (male only), Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser., no. 33, pp. 63-64, pl. 3, figs. 20, 23. [Marshall Collection]
- stipata* Lundblad, 1934, Ark. Zool., 28A, (3), pp. 35-38, figs. 19a-19g, figs. 20a-20c, pl. 2, figs. 9-11.

### Family LIMNOCHARIDAE Kramer

*Limnocharidae* Kramer, 1877, Arch. Naturg., 43, (Bd. 1), pp. 242-244.

#### Genus *Limnochaeres* Latreille

Generotype: *Acarus aquaticus* Linnaeus.

*Limnochaeres* Latreille, 1796, Précis des caractères des insectes, p. 181.

#### Subgenus *Limnochaeres* s. str.

*aquatica* Linnaeus, 1758, Syst. nat., p. 617.

#### Subgenus *Cyclothrix* Wolcott

Generotype: *Limnochaeres crinita* Koenike, 1899, Abh. Senckenb. naturf. Ges., 21: 313-318, pl. 21, figs. 23-29.

*Cyclothrix* Wolcott, 1905, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 26: 185.

*americana* Lundblad, 1941, Zool. Anz., 133: 155.

*natans* Lavers, 1941, Univ. Wash. Pub., Biology, 12: 3-6, pl. 1, figs. 1-3.

*?acadiensis* Habeeb, 1950, Natural. Canad., 77: 114, 116, figs. 1-3. [C.N.H.M. Collection]

### Family EYLAIDAE Leach

*Eylaides* Leach, 1815, Trans. Linn. Soc. London, 11: 399.

#### Genus *Eylais* Latreille

Generotype: *Hydrachna extendens* Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrömus, p. 190.

*Eylais* Latreille, 1796, Précis des caractères des insectes, pp. 182-183.

*abitibiensis* Marshall, 1929, Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser., no. 33, pp. 60-62, pl. 1, figs. 1-4. [Marshall Collection]

*extendens* Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrömus, p. 190.

*bakeri* Marshall, 1946, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 36: 357, pl. 4, figs. 37-38. [Marshall Collection]

*desecta* Koenike, 1897, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 14: 288-289.

*falcata* Koenike, 1897, op. cit., p. 288.

*gibberipons* Viets, 1910, op. cit., 20: 171-173, figs. 5-6.

*hirsutipalpis* Marshall, 1946, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 36: 357-358, pl. 4, figs. 42-43. [Marshall Collection]

*infundibulifera* Koenike, 1897, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 14: 284-285.

*marshallae* Koenike, 1912, Trans. Royal Canad. Inst., 9: 286-288, pl. 1, figs. 8-11, pl. 2, fig. 10.

*rimosa* Piersig, 1899, Zool. Anz., 22: 65-66, fig. 6.

*triangulifera* Koenike, 1897, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 14: 289-290.

*infundibulata* Lundblad, 1941, Zool. Anz., 133: 155.

*robusta* Marshall, 1946, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 36: 358, pl. 4, figs. 44-46. [Marshall Collection]

### Family PROTZIIDAE Viets

*Protziidae* Viets, 1926, Zool. Anz., 69: 196.

#### Genus *Calonyx* Walter

Generotype: *Partnunia lauta* Walter, 1906, Zool. Anz., 30: 571-572.

*Calonyx* Walter, 1907, op. cit., 31: 298.

*Protzia* Marshall, 1931, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 26: 312-313.

*Sporadoporus* Wolcott, 1905, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 26: 191.

*constans* Marshall, 1943, op. cit., 62: 323, pl. 4, figs. 30-34. [Marshall Collection]

*ovata* Marshall, 1931, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 26: 312-313, pl. 7, figs. 9-12. [Marshall Collection]

#### Genus *Partnuniella* Viets

Generotype: *Partnuniella thermalis* Viets.

*Partnuniella* Viets, 1938, Verhandl. Int. Verein. Limnol., 8, (Tome 3), p. 214.

*thermalis* Viets, 1938, op. cit., pp. 215-219, figs. 1-5. [Marshall Collection]

var. *paucipora* Viets, 1938, op. cit., p. 219, figs. 6-7. [Marshall Collection]

### Family CLATHROSPERCHONIDAE Lundblad

*Clathrosperchonidae* Lundblad, 1936, Zool. Anz., 115: 30.

#### Genus *Clathrosperchon* Lundblad

Generotype: *Clathrosperchon crassipalpis* Lundblad, 1936, op. cit., p. 30.

*Clathrosperchon* Lundblad, 1936, op. cit., p. 30.

*americanus* Habeeb, 1953, Leaflet Acad. Biol., no. 1, p. 1, figs. 1-5.

## Family HYDRYPHANTIDAE Thor

*Hydryphantidae* Thor, 1900, *Nyt. mag. naturvid.*, 38: 263.Genus *Hydryphantes* KochGenerotype: *Acarus ruber* Geer.*Hydryphantes* Koch, 1842, *Übers. Arachnidensystems*, 3: 30.**multiaporus** Marshall, 1930, *Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci.*, 25: 247-248, pl. 5, figs. 1-3. [Marshall Collection]**ruber** Geer, 1776, *Mem. hist. ins.*, 7: 141-146, pl. 9, figs. 3-9.*novatus* Viets, 1949, *Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen*, 32: 311.*novus* Viets, 1939, *Arch. Hydrobiol.*, 36: 75.var. *mozleyi* Marshall, 1929, *Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser.*, no. 33, pp. 68-69, pl. 2, figs. 12-13. [Marshall Collection]**tenuabilis** Marshall, 1926, *Univ. Iowa Stud. Nat. Hist.*, 11: 33, pl. 2, fig. 9, pl. 3, figs. 16-18. [Marshall Collection]Genus *Thyas* KochGenerotype: *Thyas venusta* Koch, 1836, *Deutschl. Crust., Myr., Arachn.*, Heft 5, no. 18.*Thyas* Koch, 1836, *op. cit.***stolli** Koenike, 1895, *Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen*, 13: 194-196, pl. 2, figs. 29-32. [Marshall Collection]Genus *Marshallothyas* CookGenerotype: *Marshallothyas asopos* Cook, 1953, *Proc. Ent. Soc. Wash.*, 55: 306, figs. 1-10.*Marshallothyas* Cook, 1953, *op. cit.*, p. 305.**asopos** Cook, 1953, *op. cit.*, p. 306, figs. 1-10. [C.N.H.M. Collection]Genus *Panisus* KoenikeGenerotype: *Panisus michaeli* Koenike, 1896, *Zool. Anz.*, 19: 356-357.*Panisus* Koenike, 1896, *op. cit.*, p. 356.**cataphracta** Koenike, 1895, *Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen*, 13: 196-198, pl. 2, figs. 33-35.Genus *Lundbladia* VietsGenerotype: *Lundbladia feuerborni* Viets, 1929, *Zool. Anz.*, 86: 50-52.*Lundbladia* Viets, 1929, *op. cit.*, pp. 49-50.**musciicola** Mitchell, 1953, *Amer. Midl. Nat.*, 49: 162-165, 15 figs. [C.N.H.M. Collection]Genus *Panisopsis* VietsGenerotype: *Thyas vigilans* Piersig, 1896, *Zool. Anz.*, 19: 441.*Panisopsis* Viets, 1926, *op. cit.*, 66: 147.**pedunculata** Koenike, 1895, *Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen*, 13: 192-194, pl. 1, figs. 24-28. [Marshall Collection]



## Family THERMACARIDAE Sokolow

*Thermacaridae* Sokolow, 1927, Zool. Anz., 73: 20.

Genus *Thermacarus* Sokolow

Generotype: *Thermacarus thermobius* Sokolow, op. cit., pp. 11-20, figs. 1-13.

*Thermacarus* Sokolow, 1927, op. cit., pp. 11-20.

*nevadensis* Marshall, 1928, Psyche, 35: 93-95, pl. 3, figs. 1-9. [Marshall Collection]

## Family HYDRODROMIDAE Viets

*Hydrodromidae* Viets, 1936, Tierwelt Deutschlands, Teil 31-32, pp. 139-140.

*Diplodontidae* Lundblad, 1927, Zool. bidrag Uppsala, 11: 408.

Genus *Hydrodroma* Koch

Generotype: *Hydrachna despiciens* Müller.

*Hydrodroma* Koch, 1842, Übers. Arachnidensystems, 3: 32.

*Diplodontus* auct. (nec Dugés).

*americanus* Marshall, 1926, Univ. Iowa Stud. Nat. Hist., 11: 33, pl. 1, fig. 4, pl. 2, fig. 8, pl. 3, figs. 13-15. [Marshall Collection]

*despiciens* Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodromus, p. 190.

## Family PSEUDOHYDRYPHANTIDAE Viets

*Pseudohydrphantidae* Viets, 1926, Zool. Anz., 69: 196.

Genus *Pseudohydrphantes* Viets

Generotype: *Pseudohydrphantes parvulus* Viets, 1907, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 19: 142-145, figs. 1-4.

*Pseudohydrphantes* Viets, 1907, op. cit., p. 142.

*latipalpus* Marshall, 1924, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 43: 245-246, pl. 14, figs. 44-45. [Marshall Collection]

*orbicularis* Marshall, 1929, Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser., no. 33, pp. 67-68, pl. 4, figs. 36-38. [Marshall Collection]

## Family TEUTONIIDAE Lundblad

*Teutoniidae* Lundblad, 1927, Zool. bidrag Uppsala, 11: 409-410.

Genus *Teutonia* Koenike

Generotype: *Hygrobates cometes* Koch, 1837, Deutschl. Crust., Myr., Arachn., Heft 10, no. 23.

*Teutonia* Koenike, 1889, Zool. Anz., 12: 104.

*lunata* Marshall, 1924, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 43: 245, pl. 14, figs. 48-50. [Marshall Collection]

## Family SPERCHONIDAE Thor

*Sperchonidae* Thor, 1900, *Nyt. mag. naturvid.*, **38**: 264.

Genus *Sperchonopsis* Piersig

Generotype: *Sperchon verrucosus* Protz.

*Sperchonopsis* Piersig, 1897, *Sitzungs. naturf. Ges. Leipzig*, **22-23**: 52.

*Pseudosperchon* Marshall, 1933, *Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc.*, **52**: 37.

*ovalis* Marshall, 1929, *Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser.*, no. 33, pp. 66-67, pl. 4, figs. 31-33. [Marshall Collection]

*verrucosa* Protz, 1896, *Zool. Anz.*, **19**: 23-25, figs. 1-3.

Genus *Sperchon*<sup>1</sup> Kramer

Generotype: *Sperchon squamosus* Kramer, 1879, *Arch. Naturg.*, **45**, (Bd. 1), pp. 2-5, pl. 1, figs. 1a-1d.

*Sperchon* Kramer, 1877, *op. cit.*, **43**, (Bd. 1), p. 240.

*crassipalpis* Marshall, 1933, *Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc.*, **52**: 37, pl. 7, figs. 1-3. [Marshall Collection]

*glandulosus* Koenike, 1886, *Zeit. Wissen. zool.*, **43**: 279-284, pl. 9, figs. 17-24.

*jasperensis* Marshall, 1929, *Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser.*, no. 33, pp. 65-66, pl. 2, figs. 14-15. [Marshall Collection]

*parmatus* Koenike, 1895, *Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen*, **13**: 202-204, pl. 2, figs. 40-41.

*tenuipalpis* Koenike, 1895, *op. cit.*, pp. 204-206, pl. 2, figs. 42-47.

## Family LEBERTIIDAE Thor

*Lebertiidae* Thor, 1900, *Nyt. mag. naturvid.*, **38**: 264.

Genus *Lebertia* Neuman

Generotype: *Lebertia insignis* Neuman, 1880, *K. Svenska Vetenskap. Handl.*, n. ser., (4), **17**, (3), pp. 69-70, pl. 8, fig. 4.

*Lebertia* Neuman, 1880, *op. cit.*, pp. 68-69.

*artaacetabula* Marshall, 1912, *Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc.*, **31**: 227, pl. 27, figs. 1-3. [Marshall Collection]

*distincta* Marshall, 1914, *Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci.*, **17**: 1301, pl. 93, figs. 21-23. [Marshall Collection]

*martisensis* Marshall, 1943, *Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc.*, **62**: 408-410, pl. 3, figs. 23-25. [Marshall Collection]

*needhami* Marshall, 1943, *op. cit.*, p. 408, pl. 3, figs. 28-30. [Marshall Collection]

*ontarioensis* Marshall, 1929, *Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser.*, no. 33, pp. 70-71, pl. 5, figs. 46-47. [Marshall Collection]

<sup>1</sup> Four new forms of *Sperchon*, *S. brevisrostris* ssp. *scabriosus*, *S. mitchelli*, *S. glandulosus canadensis*, and *S. plumifer acadensis*, are proposed by Habeeb (*Leaf. Acad. Biol.*, no. 1, p. 8). Each form is described in less than fifty words and unillustrated. These descriptions do not satisfy the requirements of Article 25c of the International Code of Zoological Nomenclature.

- parmata** Marshall, 1912, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 31: 226-227, pl. 27, figs. 4-5, pl. 28, figs. 6-7. [Marshall Collection]
- porosa** Thor, 1900, Nyt. mag. naturvid., 38: 273.
- quinquemaculosa** Marshall, 1929, Proc. Indiana Acad. Sci., 38: 315, 317, figs. 5-8. [Marshall Collection]
- setosa** Koenike, 1912, Trans. Roy. Canad. Inst., 9: 294-295, pl. 2, fig. 20.  
*tau-insignita* Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 13: 201-202 (in part).
- tyrrelli** Koenike, 1912, Trans. Roy. Canad. Inst., 9: 290-293, pl. 1, fig. 16, pl. 2, figs. 13-15.  
*tau-insignita* Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 13: 201-202 (in part).
- wolcottii** Koenike, 1912, Trans. Roy. Canad. Inst., 9: 292-294, pl. 1, figs. 17-18, pl. 2, fig. 19.  
*tau-insignita* Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 13: 201-202 (in part).
- wyomingensis** Marshall, 1933, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 52: 39-40, pl. 8, figs. 16-17. [Marshall Collection]

#### Genus *Oxus* Kramer

- Generotype: *Oxus oblongus* Kramer, 1879, Arch. Naturg., 45, (Bd. 1), pp. 5-7, pl. 1, figs. 2a-2c.
- Oxus* Kramer, 1877, op. cit., 43, (Bd. 1), pp. 240-241.
- connatus** Marshall, 1929, Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser., no. 33, pp. 71-72, pl. 4, fig. 35. [Marshall Collection]
- elongatus** Marshall, 1929, op. cit., p. 72, pl. 4, fig. 34.
- intermedius** Marshall, 1926, Univ. Iowa Stud. Nat. Hist., 11: 31, pl. 1, figs. 1-3. [Marshall Collection]

#### Genus *Frontipoda* Koenike

- Generotype: *Hydrachna musculus* Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrömus, p. 191.
- Frontipoda* Koenike, 1891, Zool. Anz., 14: 19.
- americana** Marshall, 1914, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 17: 1300-1301, pl. 92, figs. 1-8. [Marshall Collection]

#### Genus *Gnaphiscus* Koenike

- Generotype: *Gnaphiscus setosus* Koenike, 1898, Zool. Anz., 21: 262-263.
- Gnaphiscus* Koenike, 1898, loc. cit.
- occidentalis** Marshall, 1924, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 43: 247, pl. 13, figs. 36-40, pl. 14, figs. 51-55. [Marshall Collection]

#### Family TORRENTICOLIDAE Oudemans

- Torrenticolidae* Oudemans, 1941, Zool. Anz., 136: 178.
- Atractidaeidae* Thor, 1902, op. cit., 25: 408.

Genus *Torrenticola* Piersig

Generotype: *Atractides anomalus* Koch, 1837, *Deutschl. Crust., Myr., Arach.*, Heft 11, no. 10.

*Torrenticola* Piersig, 1897, *Sitzungs. naturf. Ges. Leipzig*, 22-23: 155.

*Atractides* auct. (nec Koch).

- californicus* Marshall, 1943, *Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc.*, 62: 315-316, pl. 2, figs. 14-16. [Marshall Collection]
- compactus* Marshall, 1943, op. cit., p. 315, pl. 3, figs. 25-26, pl. 4, fig. 27. [Marshall Collection]
- ellipsoidalis* Marshall, 1943, op. cit., pp. 308-310, pl. 2, figs. 11-13. [Marshall Collection]
- geographicus* Marshall, 1943, op. cit., p. 314, pl. 3, figs. 21-24. [Marshall Collection]
- indistinctus* Marshall, 1929, *Proc. Indiana Acad. Sci.*, 38: 317, 319, figs. 16-18. [Marshall Collection]
- jordanensis* Marshall, 1930, *Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci.*, 25: 248-249, pl. 6, figs. 12-14. [Marshall Collection]
- mercedensis* Marshall, 1943, *Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc.*, 62: 310, 312, pl. 2, figs. 9-10. [Marshall Collection]
- oblongatus* Marshall, 1943, op. cit., p. 316, pl. 4, figs. 28-29, pl. 5, fig. 40. [Marshall Collection]
- obovatus* Marshall, 1943, op. cit., pp. 316, 318, pl. 5, figs. 35-39. [Marshall Collection]
- occidentalis* Marshall, 1933, op. cit., 52: 40, pl. 7, figs. 5-7. [Marshall Collection]
- sierrensis* Marshall, 1943, op. cit., 62: 307, pl. 1, figs. 1-4. [Marshall Collection]
- simulans* Marshall, 1933, op. cit., 52: 40, pl. 7, figs. 8-10. [Marshall Collection]
- tahoei* Marshall, 1943, op. cit., 62: 308, pl. 1, figs. 5-7. [Marshall Collection]
- waddelicus* Marshall, 1943, op. cit., pp. 312, 314, pl. 3, figs. 17-20. [Marshall Collection]

Genus *Testudacarus* Walter

Generotype: *Testudacarus tripellatus* Walter, 1928, *Rec. Indian Mus.*, 30: pp. 75-78, figs. 8-10.

*Testudacarus* Walter, 1928, op. cit., p. 75.

- americanus* Marshall, 1943, *Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc.*, 62: 320, pl. 6, figs. 46-48. [Marshall Collection]
- minimus* Marshall, 1943, op. cit., p. 322, pl. 6, figs. 43-45. [Marshall Collection]

## Family LIMNESIIDAE Thor

*Limnesiidae* Thor, 1900, *Nyt. mag. naturvid.*, 38: 265.

Genus *Limnesia* Koch

Generotype: *Limnesia fulgida* Koch.

*Limnesia* Koch, 1842, *Übers. Arachnidensystems*, 3: 27.

*Limnesiopsis* Piersig, 1897, *Sitzungs. naturf. Ges. Leipzig*, 22-23: 52.

- anomala** Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 13: 207-208, pl. 2, figs. 49-53.  
 subsp. *marshallae* Viets, 1938, Zool. Anz., 121: 134-135.  
*anomala* Marshall, 1932, (male only), Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 27: 346, pl. 7, fig. 7.
- coerulea** Lundblad, 1941, Zool. Anz., 133: 158.
- columbica** Marshall, 1924, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 43: 239-240, pl. 11, figs. 9-12. [Marshall Collection]
- cornuta** Wolcott, 1903, op. cit., 24: 89-92, pl. 12, figs. 1-5. [Marshall Collection]
- fulgida** Koch, 1835, Deutschl. Crust., Myr., Arachn., Heft 2, no. 19.  
*histrionica* Wolcott, 1903, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 24: 92-95, pl. 12, figs. 6-7.  
*wolcotti* Piersig, 1905, Zool. Centr., 12: 198.
- koenikea** Piersig, 1894, Zool. Anz., 17: 151.
- maculata** Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrum, p. 191.  
*americana* Piersig, 1905, Zool. Centr., 12: 198.  
*elliptica* Marshall, 1924, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 43: 240, pl. 11, figs. 13-14. [Marshall Collection]
- marshallae** Viets, 1938, Zool. Anz., 121: 134-135.  
*anomala* Marshall, 1927, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 46: 213, pl. 7, figs. 5-6.  
*anomala* Marshall, 1932, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 27: 346, pl. 7, figs. 6-8.  
*hutchinsoni* Lundblad, 1941, Zool. Anz., 133: 158.
- marshalliana** Lundblad, 1952, Ark. Zool., (2), 3: 525.  
*marshallae* Lundblad, 1941, Zool. Anz., 133: 157.
- paucispina** Wolcott, 1903, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 24: 98-100, pl. 13, figs. 10-11. [Marshall Collection]
- protractipora** Lundblad, 1941, Zool. Anz., 133: 157.
- undulata** Müller, 1781, Hydrachnae aquis Danicae, p. 80, pl. 11, fig. 1.  
 var. *californica* Lundblad, 1941, Zool. Anz., 133: 158.
- wawaseea** Marshall, 1929, Proc. Indiana Acad. Sci., 38: 315, figs. 9-11. [Marshall Collection]

#### Genus *Tyrrellia* Koenike

Generotype: *Tyrrellia circularis* Koenike.

*Tyrrellia* Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 13: 198-199.

**circularis** Koenike, 1895, op. cit., pp. 199-201, pl. 2, figs. 36-38.

var. *monensis* Marshall, 1940, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 32: 386, pl. 1, figs. 5-7, pl. 2, fig. 15. [Marshall Collection]

**ovalis** Marshall, 1932, op. cit., 27: 342-343, pl. 8, figs. 18-21. [Marshall Collection]

#### Family PONTARACHNIDAE Thor

*Pontarachnidae* Thor, 1929, Nyt. mag. naturvid., 67, pl. 7.

Genus *Pontarachna* Philippi

Generotype: *Pontarachna punctulum* Philippi, 1840, Arch. Naturg., 6, (Bd. 1), pp. 191-193, pl. 4, figs. 4-5.

*Pontarachna* Philippi, 1840, op. cit., p. 193.

*cruciata* Hall, 1912, Pomona Coll., Rep. Laguna Mar. Lab., 1: 183-184, fig. 102.

## Family HYGROBATIDAE Koch

*Hygrobatides* Koch, 1842, Übers. Arachnidensystems, 3: 7.

Genus *Hygrobates* Koch

Generotype: *Hygrobates lutescens* Koch, 1841, Deutschl. Crust., Myr., Arachn., Heft 37, no. 13.

*Hygrobates* Koch, 1837, op. cit., Heft 10, no. 8.

*decaporus* Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 13: 215-216, pl. 3, figs. 62-63.

*exilis* Koenike, 1895, op. cit., pp. 213-215, pl. 3, figs. 60-61.

*longipalpis* Hermann, 1804, Mém. Aptérol., p. 55, pl. 3, fig. 1, pl. 9, fig. P.

*ruber* Marshall, 1926, Univ. Iowa Stud. Nat. Hist., 11: 32, pl. 1, figs. 5-7.

*multiporus* Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 13: 216-217, pl. 3, fig. 64. [Marshall Collection]

*neooctoporus* Marshall, 1926, Univ. Iowa Stud. Nat. Hist., 11: 34. [Marshall Collection]

*octoporus* Marshall, 1924, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 43: 238-239, pl. 11, figs. 1-5.

*occidentalis* Marshall, 1943, op. cit., 62: 414, pl. 4, figs. 39-41. [Marshall Collection]

Genus *Atractides* Koch

Generotype: *Atractides spinipes* Koch, 1837, Deutschl. Crust., Myr., Arachn., Heft 11, no. 16.

*Atractides* Koch, 1837, loc. cit.

*Megapus* Neuman, 1880, K. Svenska Vetenskap. Handl., n. ser., (4), 17, (3), pp. 63-64.

*crassipalpis* Koenike, 1909, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 19: 246.

*ovalis* Koenike, 1895, op. cit., 13: 211-212, pl. 3, figs. 58-59.

*nodipalpis* Thor, 1899, Arch. Math. Naturv., 21, (5), pp. 39-40, pl. 17, figs. 120-121 (Palearctic).

var. *americanus* Marshall, 1943, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 62: 414-415, pl. 4, figs. 31-34. [Marshall Collection]

*spinipes* Marshall, 1933, op. cit., 52: 41, pl. 7, figs. 18-20.

*parviscutus* Marshall, 1915, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 34: 186, pl. 6, figs. 1-4. [Marshall Collection]

*orthopes* Marshall, 1915, op. cit., p. 187, pl. 6, figs. 10-12.

?*phenopleces* Marshall, 1915, op. cit., pp. 186-187, pl. 6, figs. 5-9. [Marshall Collection]

*sturgesonsis* Marshall, 1927, op. cit., 46: 274-275, pl. 8, figs. 16-19. [Marshall Collection]

## Family UNIONICOLIDAE Oudemans

*Unionicolidae* Oudemans, 1909, Tijdschr. Ent., 52: 60.

Genus *Unionicola* Haldeman

Generotype: *Unionicola crassipes* Müller.

*Unionicola* Haldeman, 1842, Zool. Contr., 1: 1.

Atax Koch, 1842, Übers. Arachnidensystems, 3: 7.

**abnormipes** Wolcott, 1898, Zool. Bull., 1: 280-281, fig. 2. [Marshall Collection]

**aculeatus** Koenike, 1890, Zool. Anz., 13: 139-140.

*sayi* Piersig, 1901, Das Tierreich, 13: 213.

**adensameri** Thon, 1901, Ann. Naturhist. Hofmus., 16: 31-35, pl. 3.

**arcuata** Wolcott, 1898, Zool. Bull., 1: 284-285, fig. 5. [Marshall Collection]

**campelomaicola** Marshall, 1935, Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser., no. 39, pp. 99-102, figs. 1-5. [Marshall Collection]

**crassipes** Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrumus, p. 189.

**figuralis** Koch, 1836, Deutschl. Crust., Myr., Arachn., Heft 7, no. 10.

**fossulatus** Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 13: 221-222, pl. 3, figs. 68-71.

**indistinctus** Wolcott, 1898, Zool. Bull., 1: 281-282, fig. 3. [Marshall Collection]

**intermedia** Koenike, 1882, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 7: 265-266 (Palearctic).

var. *wolcottii* Piersig, 1900, Zool. Anz., 23: 211-212. [Marshall Collection]

**pectinatus** Wolcott, 1898, Zool. Bull., 1: 280, fig. 1. [Marshall Collection]

**serratus** Wolcott, 1898, op. cit., pp. 282-283, fig. 4. [Marshall Collection]

**stricta** Wolcott, 1898, op. cit., pp. 283-284. [Marshall Collection]

**tumidus** Wolcott, 1898, op. cit., p. 285, fig. 6. [Marshall Collection]

**ypsilophora** Bonz, 1783, K. Deutsche Akad. Naturf. Halle, nova acta Leopoldana, 7: 52, pl. 1, figs. 1-4.

*haldemani* Piersig, 1900, Zool. Anz., 23: 212.

*formosa* Dana and Whelpley, 1836, Amer. Jour. Sci., (1), 30: 357-358, figs. 1-8.

Genus *Najadicola* Piersig

Generotype: *Unionicola ingens* Koenike.

*Najadicola* Piersig, 1897, Zool. Anz., 20: 59-60.

**ingens** Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 13: 219-220, pl. 3, figs. 65-67.

Genus *Neumania* Lebert

Generotype: *Hydrachna spinipes* Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrumus, p. 189.

*Neumania* Lebert, 1879, Bull. Soc. Vaud. Sci. Natur., 16: 357.

**armata** Marshall, 1922, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 20: 209, pl. 3, figs. 11-13. [Marshall Collection]

*muttkowskii* Marshall, 1922, op. cit., p. 208, pl. 2, fig. 10 (in part). [Marshall Collection]

- distincta* Marshall, 1922, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., **20**: 210-211, pl. 4, figs. 20, 23. [Marshall Collection]
- brevibrachiata* Marshall, 1922, op. cit., p. 211, pl. 4, figs. 24-25. [Marshall Collection]
- okobojica* Marshall, 1926, Univ. Iowa Stud. Nat. Hist., **11**: 31, pl. 2, figs. 11-12. [Marshall Collection]
- extendens* Marshall, 1922, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., **20**: 209, pl. 3, figs. 14-16. [Marshall Collection]
- punctata* Marshall, 1922, (female only), op. cit., pp. 211-212, pl. 4, fig. 29. [Marshall Collection]
- fragilis* Marshall, 1922, op. cit., p. 208, pl. 2, figs. 7-9. [Marshall Collection]
- hickmani* Marshall, 1933, op. cit., **28**: 46, pl. 4, figs. 41-43. [Marshall Collection]
- kodiakica* Marshall, 1924, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., **43**: 246, pl. 14, figs. 42-43. [Marshall Collection]
- longiseta* Marshall, 1924, op. cit., p. 243, pl. 12, fig. 23, pl. 13, fig. 26. [Marshall Collection]
- ovata* Marshall, 1922, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., **20**: 206-207, pl. 2, fig. 1.
- papillator* Marshall, 1922, op. cit., pp. 209-210, pl. 3, figs. 17-20, pl. 4, fig. 21. [Marshall Collection]
- pubescens* Marshall, 1929, Proc. Indiana Acad. Sci., **38**: 319, figs. 1-4. [Marshall Collection]
- punctata* Marshall, 1922, (male only), Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., **20**: 211-212. [Marshall Collection]
- semicircularis* Marshall, 1922, op. cit., p. 207, pl. 2, figs. 2-3. [Marshall Collection]
- tenuipalpis* Marshall, 1922, op. cit., pp. 207-208, pl. 2, figs. 4-6. [Marshall Collection]
- muttkowskii* Marshall, 1922, op. cit., p. 208, pl. 2, fig. 10 (in part). [Marshall Collection]
- ?*vernalis* Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, **13**: 218-219.

#### Genus *Koenikea* Wolcott

Generotype: *Koenikea concava* Wolcott (male only).

*Koenikea* Wolcott, 1900, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., **21**: 189-190.

*Tanaognathus* Wolcott, 1900, op. cit., pp. 193-194.

- alata* Lundblad, 1943, K. Svenska Vetenskap. Handl., **20**, (5), p. 15, fig. 7.
- concava* Wolcott, 1900, (male only), Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., **21**: 190-193, pl. 11, figs. 15, 17, 19, pl. 12, fig. 24. [Marshall Collection]
- haldemani* Viets, 1930, Zool. Anz., **92**: 268-272, figs. 6-8.
- marshallae* Viets, 1930, op. cit., pp. 267-271, figs. 1-5.
- spinipes* Wolcott, 1900, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., **21**: 194-197, pl. 12, figs. 25-28. [Marshall Collection]
- wolcotti* Viets, 1930, Zool. Anz., **92**: 266. [Marshall Collection]
- concava* Wolcott, 1900, (female only), Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., **21**: 190-193, pl. 11, figs. 18, 20-21, pl. 12, fig. 23. [Marshall Collection]



Genus *Huitfeldtia* ThorGenerotype: *Huitfeldtia rectipes* Thor.*Huitfeldtia* Thor, 1898, Arch. Math. Naturv., 20, (7), pp. 1-2.*rectipes* Thor, 1898, op. cit., pp. 4-5, pl. 5, figs. 1-7.

## Family FELTRIIDAE Thor

*Feltriidae* Thor, 1929, Nyt. mag. naturvid., 67, pl. 7.Genus *Feltria* KoenikeGenerotype: *Feltria minuta* Koenike.*Feltria* Koenike, 1892, Zool. Anz., 15: 323.*minuta* Koenike, 1892, op. cit., pp. 323-324, figs. 3-4.

## Family PIONIDAE Thor

*Pionidae* Thor, 1900, Nyt. mag. naturvid., 38: 265.Genus *Wettina* PiersigGenerotype: *Tiphys podagricus* Koch, 1837, Deutschl. Crust., Myr., Arachn., Heft 11, no. 9.*Wettina* Piersig, 1892, Zool. Anz., 15: 408-410.*primaria* Marshall, 1929, Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser., no. 33, p. 83, pl. 4, figs. 39-41. [Marshall Collection]Genus *Hydrochoreutes* KochGenerotype: *Spio unguolata* Koch.*Hydrochoreutes* Koch, 1837, Deutschl. Crust., Myr., Arach., Heft 11, no. 11.*ungulatus* Koch, 1835, op. cit., Heft 5, no. 17.Genus *Tiphys* KochGenerotype: *Tiphys sagulatus* Koch, 1837, Deutschl. Crust., Myr., Arachn., Heft 11, no. 7.*Tiphys* Koch, 1835, op. cit., Heft 5, no. 19.*Acercus* Koch, 1842, Übers. Arachnidensystems, 3: 23.*Laminipes* Piersig, 1901, Zool. Anz., 24: 219-220.*diversus* Marshall, 1929, Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser., no. 33, pp. 83-84, pl. 5, figs. 48-50. [Marshall Collection]*simulans* Marshall, 1924, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 43: 244, pl. 14, figs. 46-47. [Marshall Collection]*torris* Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrumus, p. 191.var. *americanus* Marshall, 1937, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 30: 237, pl. 8, figs. 58-61.

Genus *Pionopsis* Piersig

Generotype: *Hydrachne lutescens* Hermann, 1804, Mém. Aptérolog., p. 57, pl. 6, fig. 7.

*Pionopsis* Piersig, 1894, Zool. Anz., 17: 215-216.

*latilamellis* Marshall, 1924, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 43: 244, pl. 13, figs. 32-34. [Marshall Collection]

Genus *Pionacercus* Piersig

Generotype: *Pionacercus leuckarti* Piersig, 1894, Zool. Anz., 17: 213-214, figs. 1-2.

*Pionacercus* Piersig, 1894, op. cit., p. 213.

*novus* Marshall, 1924, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 43: 244-245, pl. 13, fig. 35, pl. 14, fig. 41. [Marshall Collection]

Genus *Piona* Koch

Generotype: *Nesaea rosea* Koch, 1837, Deutschl. Crust., Myr., Arachn., Heft 10, no. 7.

*Piona* Koch, 1842, Übers. Arachnidensystems, 3: 13.

*Curripes* Koenike, 1891, Zool. Anz., 14: 19-20.

*americana* Marshall, 1929, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 24: 401-404, pl. 9, figs. 1-9. [Marshall Collection]

*carnea* Koch, 1836, Deutschl. Crust., Myr., Arachn., Heft 8, no. 24.

*neocarnea* Marshall, 1924, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 43: 241, pl. 12, figs. 15-17. [Marshall Collection]

*conglobata* Koch, 1836, Deutschl. Crust., Myr., Arachn., Heft 8, no. 9 (Paleartic).

var. *wisconsinensis* Marshall, 1935, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 29: 284, pl. 10, figs. 43-47. [Marshall Collection]

*constrictus* Wolcott, 1902, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 23: 222-226, pl. 30, figs. 14-18. [Marshall Collection]

*coronis* Wolcott, 1902, op. cit., pp. 208-210, pl. 29, figs. 1-2. [Marshall Collection]

*crassus* Wolcott, 1902, op. cit., pp. 246-249, pl. 33, figs. 57-60. [Marshall Collection]

*debilis* Wolcott, 1902, op. cit., pp. 234-235, pl. 32, figs. 44-46. [Marshall Collection]

*exilis* Wolcott, 1902, op. cit., pp. 210-213, pl. 29, figs. 3-8. [Marshall Collection]

*guatemalensis* Stoll, 1887, Biol. Centr.-Amer., 13: 11-12, pl. 10, figs. 2-2b, pl. 11, figs. 1-1f.

*inconstans* Wolcott, 1902, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 23: 241-243, pl. 32, fig. 47, pl. 33, figs. 48-50. [Marshall Collection]

*insularis* Marshall, 1924, op. cit., 43: 243, pl. 12, fig. 24, pl. 13, figs. 30, 31. [Marshall Collection]

*interrupta* Marshall, 1929, Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser., no. 33, pp. 81-82, pl. 6, figs. 59-60. [Marshall Collection]

*linguaplax* Crowell, 1953, Amer. Midl. Nat., 50: 426-431, figs. 1-12. [C.N.H.M. Collection]

- medius** Wolcott, 1902, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 23: 229-231, pl. 31, figs. 30-31. [Marshall Collection]
- nodata** Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrömus, p. 191 (Palearctic).  
var. *latigenitalia* Marshall, 1924, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 43: 242, pl. 12, fig. 22, pl. 13, figs. 27-29. [Marshall Collection]  
*?fuscatus* Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 13: 209.
- obturbans** Piersig, 1896, Zool. Anz., 19: 439-440.
- pugilis** Wolcott, 1902, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 23: 213-216, pl. 29, figs. 9-12. [Marshall Collection]
- reighardi** Wolcott, 1902, op. cit., pp. 235-239, pl. 32, figs. 35-38. [Marshall Collection]
- rotunda** Kramer, 1879, Arch. Naturg., 45, (Bd. 1), p. 12, pl. 1, fig. 6.
- rubrapes** Marshall, 1924, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 43: 241-242, pl. 12, figs. 18-21. [Marshall Collection]
- setiger** Wolcott, 1902, op. cit., 23: 243-246, pl. 33, figs. 51-56. [Marshall Collection]
- socialis** Marshall, 1930, op. cit., 49: 343-344, pl. 39, figs. 5-10. [Marshall Collection]
- spinulosus** Wolcott, 1902, op. cit., pp. 226-229, pl. 31, figs. 24-29. [Marshall Collection]
- triangularis** Wolcott, 1902, op. cit., 23: 220-222, pl. 31, figs. 32-33. [Marshall Collection]
- turgidus** Wolcott, 1902, op. cit., pp. 216-220, pl. 30, figs. 19-23. [Marshall Collection]
- wolcottii** Marshall, 1937, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 30: 235-236, pl. 7, figs. 49-52. [Marshall Collection]

Genus *Forelia* Haller

Generotype: *Arrhenurus variegator* Koch, 1837, Deutschl. Crust., Myr., Arachn., Heft 12, no. 24.

*Forelia* Haller, 1882, Mitt. naturf. Ges. Bern, 1881, Heft 2, pp. 58-59.

*Tiphys* Wolcott, 1905, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 26: 214-215.

**liliacea** Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrömus, p. 190.

**ovalis** Marshall, 1929, Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser., no. 33, pp. 78-79, pl. 5, figs. 42-45. [Marshall Collection]

## Family AXONOPSIDAE Viets

*Axonopsidae* Viets, 1929, Zool. Anz., 80: 169.

Genus *Albia* Thon

Generotype: *Albia stationis* Thon.

*Albia* Thon, 1899, Zool. Anz., 22: 100-101.

**caerulea** Marshall, 1927, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 46: 277, pl. 9, figs. 25-27. [Marshall Collection]

**?stationis** Thon, 1899, Zool. Anz., 22: 101-102.

Genus *Brachypoda* Lebert

Generotype: *Hydrachna versicolor* Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrömus, p. 191.

*Brachypoda* Lebert, 1879, Bull. Soc. Vaud. Sci. Natur., (2), 16: 340, 374.

*Brachypoda* Habeeb, 1953, Leafl. Acad. Biol., no. 1, p. 9 (in part).

*setosicauda* Habeeb, 1953, op. cit., p. 12, figs. 26-27.

ssp. *acuticauda* Habeeb, 1953, op. cit., p. 12, fig. 28.

Genus *Axonopsis* Piersig

Generotype: *Hydrachna complanata* Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrömus, p. 191.

*Axonopsis* Piersig, 1893, Zool. Anz., 16: 310.

*setoniensis* Habeeb, 1953, Leafl. Acad. Biol., no. 1, p. 9, figs. 23-25.

Genus *Ljania* Thor

Generotype: *Ljania bipapillata* Thor.

*Ljania* Thor, 1898, Arch. f. Math. Naturv., 20, (13), p. 3.

*bipapillata* Thor, 1898, op. cit., p. 3 (Palearctic).

ssp. *purpurea* Habeeb, 1953, Leafl. Acad. Biol., no. 1, p. 9.

Genus *Neoaxonopsis* Lundblad

Generotype: *Neoaxonopsis odontogaster* Lundblad, 1938, Zool. Anz., 122: 38-39.

*Neoaxonopsis* Lundblad, 1938, op. cit., p. 38.

*Brachypoda* Habeeb, 1953, Leafl. Acad. Biol., no. 1, p. 9 (in part).

*pilositarsa* Habeeb, 1953, Leafl. Acad. Biol., no. 1, p. 9, figs. 20-23.

*unguitarsa* Habeeb, 1953, op. cit., pp. 9, 12, figs. 29-30.

Genus *Aturus* Kramer

Generotype: *Aturus scaber* Kramer, 1875, Arch. Naturg., 43, (Bd. 1), pp. 309-310, pl. 8, fig. 3.

*Aturus* Kramer, 1875, op. cit., p. 309.

*acadiensis* Habeeb, 1953, Leafl. Acad. Biol., no. 1, p. 15.

*canadensis* Habeeb, 1953, Natural. Canad., 80: 274-275.

*deceptor* Habeeb, 1953, op. cit., pp. 275-276.

*droueti* Habeeb, 1953, Leafl. Acad. Biol., no. 1, p. 15.

*estellae* Habeeb, 1953, op. cit., p. 2, figs. 6-11.

*formosus* Habeeb, 1953, op. cit., p. 4, figs. 12-14, 18.

ssp. *pallidus* Habeeb, op. cit., p. 4.

*mirabilis* Piersig, 1897, Sitzungs. naturf. Ges. Leipzig, 22-23: 157.

ssp. *scaber* Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 13: 186-191, pl. 1, fig. 23.

*projector* Habeeb, 1953, Natural. Canad., 80: 275.

## Family MIDEIDAE Viets

*Mideidae* Viets, 1929, Zool. Anz., **80**: 169.

Genus *Midea* Bruzelius

Generotype: *Hydrachna orbiculata* Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrumus, p. 190.

*Midea* Bruzelius, 1854, Biskrif. ofver Hydrachnider, p. 35.

**determina** Marshall, 1929, Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser., no. 33, pp. 84-85, pl. 7, figs. 62-66. [Marshall Collection]

**expansa** Marshall, 1940, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., **32**: 138-139, pl. 4, figs. 26-30. [Marshall Collection]

## Family MIDEOPSISIDAE Thor

*Mideopsidae* Thor, 1928, Zeits. Morph. Okol. Tiere, **11**: 109.

Genus *Mideopsis* Neuman

Generotype: *Hydrachna orbicularis* Müller.

*Mideopsis* Neuman, 1880, K. Svenska Vetenskap. Handl., n. ser., (4), **17**, (3), p. 67.

**americanus** Marshall, 1940, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., **32**: 140-141, pl. 1, figs. 1-4. [Marshall Collection]

**fibrosa** Lundblad, 1941, Zool. Anz., **133**: 159-160.

**lamellipalpis** Lundblad, 1941, op. cit., p. 159.

**orbicularis** Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrumus, p. 190.

**rosea** Lundblad, 1941, Zool. Anz., **133**: 159.

Genus *Xystonotus* Wolcott

Generotype: *Xystonotus asper* Wolcott.

*Xystonotus* Wolcott, 1900, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., **21**: 185-186.

**asper** Wolcott, 1900, op. cit., pp. 186-189, pl. 10, figs. 8-14. [Marshall Collection]

**reelfootensis** Hoff, 1944, Jour. Tenn. Acad. Sci., **19**: 234-238, pl. 1, figs. 1-10. [Marshall Collection]

## Family KRENDOWSKIJIDAE Lundblad

*Krendowskijidae* Lundblad, 1930, Zool. bidrag Uppsala, **13**: 56-58.

Genus *Krendowskia* Piersig

Generotype: *Krendowskia latissima* Piersig, 1895, Zool. Anz., **18**: 147-148.

*Krendowskia* Piersig, 1895, op. cit., pp. 147-148.

**similis** Viets, 1931, op. cit., **93**: 42-44, figs. 12-14.

Genus *Geayia* Thor

Genotype: *Geayia venezuelae* Thor, 1897, Bull. Mus. d'Hist. Nat., 3: 12-13, figs. 1-6.

*Geayia* Thor, 1897, op. cit., pp. 11-12.

*Krendowskia* Wolcott, 1900, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 21: 178-181.

*Krendowskia* Wolcott, 1905, op. cit., 26: 193.

*ovata* Wolcott, 1900, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 21: 181-185, pl. 9, figs. 1-7. [Marshall Collection]

## Family ARRENURIDAE Thor

*Arrenuridae* Thor, 1900, Nyt. mag. naturvid., 38: 266.

Genus *Arrenurus* Dugés

Genotype: *Arrenurus viridis* Dugés, 1834, Ann. Sci. Nat. (Zool.), (2), 1: 154-156, pl. 10, figs. 18-21.

*Arrenurus* Dugés, 1834, op. cit., pp. 154-156.

*Steganaspis* Wolcott, 1901, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 22: 105-106.

Subgenus *Truncaturus* Thor

Genotype: *Arrenurus paluster* Thor, 1900, Nyt. mag. naturvid., 38: 380-382, pl. 8, figs. 25-27.

*Truncaturus* Thor, 1900, op. cit., pp. 379-380.

*kenki* Marshall, 1944, Amer. Midl. Nat., 31: 631, 633, pl. 1, figs. 1-2, 6. [Marshall Collection]

Subgenus *Micruracarus* Viets

Genotype: *Arrenurus forpicatus* Neuman, 1880, K. Svenska Vetenskap. Handl., n. ser., (4), 17, (3), p. 90, pl. 6, figs. 2.

*Micruracarus* Viets, 1911, Zool. Anz., 38: 504.

*acutus* Marshall, 1908, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 28: 92, pl. 8, figs. 14-16. [Marshall Collection]

*bicaudatus* Marshall, 1908, op. cit., p. 91, pl. 7, figs. 8-10. [Marshall Collection]

*couleensis* Lavers, 1945, op. cit., 64: 233-234, pl. 1, figs. 1-4. [Marshall Collection]

*crenellatus* Marshall, 1908, op. cit., 28: 90-91, pl. 8, figs. 11-13. [Marshall Collection]

*infundibularis* Marshall, 1908, op. cit., pp. 93-94, pl. 8, fig. 20, pl. 9, figs. 21-22. [Marshall Collection]

*laticaudatus* Marshall, 1908, op. cit., pp. 95-96, pl. 9, figs. 23-25. [Marshall Collection]

*lyriger* Marshall, 1908, op. cit., pp. 94-95, pl. 9, fig. 26, pl. 10, figs. 27-28. [Marshall Collection]

*montifer* Marshall, 1908, op. cit., pp. 96-97, pl. 10, figs. 29-31. [Marshall Collection]

- muttkowskii** Marshall, 1940, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., **32**: 144, pl. 4, figs. 33-35. [Marshall Collection]
- pseudosetiger** Marshall, 1921, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., **40**: 170, pl. 9, figs. 4-6. [Marshall Collection]
- setiger* Marshall, 1910, op. cit., **29**: 97-98.
- rotundus** Marshall, 1908, op. cit., **28**: 89-90, pl. 7, figs. 1-4, pl. 9, fig. 128. [Marshall Collection]
- scutulatus** Marshall, 1908, op. cit., p. 93, pl. 8, figs. 17-19. [Marshall Collection]
- setiger** Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, **13**: 178-182, pl. 1, figs. 11-13.
- ovalis* Marshall, 1908, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., **28**: 90, pl. 7, figs. 5-7. [Marshall Collection]

#### Subgenus *Megaluracarus* Viets

Generotype: *Hydrachna globator* Müller, 1776, Zool. Danicae Prodrumus, p. 188.

*Megaluracarus* Viets, 1911, Zool. Anz., **38**: 504.

- apetiolatus** Piersig, 1904, Zool. Centr., **11**: 210.
- corniger* Marshall, 1903, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., **14**: 155-156, pl. 15, fig. 7, a-e.
- aphelocercus** Lavers, 1945, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., **64**: 248, pl. 4, figs. 33-38. [Marshall Collection]
- belonocercus** Lavers, 1945, op. cit., pp. 238-239, pl. 1, figs. 7-12. [Marshall Collection]
- birgei** Marshall, 1903, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., **14**: 158-159, pl. 16, fig. 10, a-f, pl. 17, fig. 10, e. [Marshall Collection]
- capillatus** Marshall, 1908, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., **28**: 101-102, pl. 12, figs. 43-45.
- cardiacus** Marshall, 1903, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., **14**: 153-154, pl. 17, fig. 5, d-i, pl. 18, fig. 5, a-c. [Marshall Collection]
- cornicularis** Marshall, 1908, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., **28**: 112-113, pl. 14, figs. 68-70. [Marshall Collection]
- elevatus** Marshall, 1914, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., **17**: 1301-1302, pl. 1, figs. 12-15, pl. 2, fig. 16.
- elongatus** Marshall, 1924, op. cit., **21**: 214, pl. 7, figs. 6-7, pl. 8, figs. 14-15. [Marshall Collection]
- expansus** Marshall, 1908, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., **28**: 107-108, pl. 13, figs. 53-55. [Marshall Collection]
- invaginatus** Lavers, 1945, op. cit., **64**: 246, 248, pl. 3, figs. 27-32. [Marshall Collection]
- kincaidi** Lavers, 1945, op. cit., pp. 242, 244, pl. 3, figs. 22-26, pl. 6, fig. 63. [Marshall Collection]
- krameri** Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, **13**: 182-185, pl. 1, figs. 16-20.
- laversi** Marshall, 1944, Amer. Midl. Nat., **31**: 633, 635, pl. 2, figs. 7-11, pl. 3, fig. 17. [Marshall Collection]
- longicaudatus** Marshall, 1908, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., **28**: 111-112, pl. 14, figs. 65-67. [Marshall Collection]
- mamilianus** Marshall, 1908, op. cit., pp. 98-99, pl. 10, figs. 32-34, pl. 11, fig. 35. [Marshall Collection]

- manubriator** Marshall, 1903, *Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci.*, 14: 151-152, pl. 15, fig. 3, *b*, pl. 16, fig. 3, *a, c, d*, pl. 17, fig. 3, *e, f*. [Marshall Collection]
- marshalli** Piersig, 1904, *Zool. Centr.*, 11: 210.  
*globator* Marshall, 1903, *Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci.*, 14: 148-150, pl. 14, fig. 1, *a-g*, pl. 15, fig. 1, *e*.
- megalurus** Marshall, 1903, *op. cit.*, pp. 150-151, pl. 14, fig. 2, *b, c, e, f*, pl. 15, fig. 2, *a, d*. [Marshall Collection]
- var. *intermedius* Marshall, 1940, *op. cit.*, 32: 147-148, pl. 5, figs. 41-44. [Marshall Collection]
- morrisoni** Marshall, 1904, *op. cit.*, 14: 523-524, pl. 40, fig. 2, *a-d*.
- parallellatus** Marshall, 1903, *op. cit.*, 14: 154-155, pl. 16, fig. 6, *a-c*, pl. 17, fig. 6, *d*, pl. 18, fig. 6, *e*. [Marshall Collection]
- prominulus** Marshall, 1908, *Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc.*, 28: 108-109, pl. 13, figs. 56-60. [Marshall Collection]
- pseudocaudatus** Piersig, 1905, *Zool. Centr.*, 12: 185.  
*caudatus* Marshall, 1904, *Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci.*, 14: 521-523, pl. 40, fig. 1, *a-c*.
- pseudoconicus** Piersig, 1904, *Zool. Centr.*, 11: 210.  
*conicus* Marshall, 1903, *Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci.*, 14: 158, pl. 18, fig. 9, *a-d*.
- pseudocylindratus** Piersig, 1904, *Zool. Centr.*, 11: 210.  
*cylindratus* Marshall, 1903, *Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci.*, 14: 156-157, pl. 17, fig. 8, *a-d*.
- rawsoni** Marshall, 1929, *Univ. Toronto Stud., Biol. Ser.*, no. 33, p. 86, pl. 7, figs. 67-70. [Marshall Collection]
- rectangularis** Marshall, 1908, *Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc.*, 28: 110, pl. 14, figs. 61-63. [Marshall Collection]
- rheophilous** Lavers, 1945, *op. cit.*, 64: 239, pl. 2, figs. 13-17, pl. 4, fig. 43. [Marshall Collection]
- scutuliformis** Marshall, 1908, *op. cit.*, 28: 100, pl. 11, figs. 39-42. [Marshall Collection]
- semicircularis** Piersig, 1904, *Zool. Centr.*, 11: 210.  
*securiformis* Marshall, 1903, *Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci.*, 14: 152-153, pl. 18, fig. 4, *a-c*.
- simulans** Marshall, 1921, *Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc.*, 40: 169, pl. 10, figs. 17-21. [Marshall Collection]
- solifer** Marshall, 1908, *op. cit.*, 28: 99, pl. 11, figs. 36-38. [Marshall Collection]
- tahoei** Marshall, 1910, *op. cit.*, 29: 100-101, pl. 1, fig. 7, pl. 2, figs. 11-14, pl. 3, fig. 3. [Marshall Collection]
- uniformis** Marshall, 1921, *op. cit.*, 40: 169, pl. 9, figs. 1-3. [Marshall Collection]
- wardi** Marshall, 1940, *Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci.*, 32: 148, pl. 6, figs. 52-54. [Marshall Collection]

Subgenus **Arrenurus** *s. str.*

- americanus** Marshall, 1908, *Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc.*, 28: 126-128, pl. 21, figs. 112-117. [Marshall Collection]
- var. *mucronatus* Lavers, 1945, *op. cit.*, 64: 255-256, pl. 5, fig. 50. [Marshall Collection]



- amplus** Marshall, 1908, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 28: 122-123, pl. 20, figs. 102-105. [Marshall Collection]
- auricularis** Lavers, 1945, op. cit., 64: 258, 260, pl. 5, figs. 51-53, pl. 6, figs. 60-62. [Marshall Collection]
- auris** Lavers, 1945, op. cit., pp. 260-261, pl. 6, figs. 55-58. [Marshall Collection]
- bleptopetiolatus** Cook, 1954, op. cit., 73: 48, 50, pl. 1, figs. 3, 7. [C.N.H.M. Collection]
- cascadensis** Lavers, 1945, op. cit., 64: 253, pl. 5, figs. 44-49. [Marshall Collection]
- compactilis** Marshall, 1908, op. cit., 28: 120, pl. 18, figs. 93-95. [Marshall Collection]
- dentipetiolatus** Marshall, 1908, op. cit., p. 117, pl. 16, fig. 81, pl. 17, figs. 82-83. [Marshall Collection]
- drepanophorus** Cook, 1954, op. cit., 73: 51-52, pl. 1, fig. 8, pl. 2, fig. 22, pl. 3, fig. 23. [C.N.H.M. Collection]
- falcicornis** Marshall, 1908, op. cit., 28: 121-122, pl. 19, figs. 96-98. [Marshall Collection]
- fissicorniformis** Cook, 1954, op. cit., 73: 50, pl. 1, figs. 2, 4. [C.N.H.M. Collection]
- fissicornis** Marshall, 1908, op. cit., 28: 130, pl. 22, figs. 125-127. [Marshall Collection]
- flabellifer** Marshall, 1908, op. cit., pp. 125-126, pl. 22, figs. 122-124. [Marshall Collection]
- gennadus** Cook, 1954, op. cit., 73: 54, pl. 3, figs. 27-28. [C.N.H.M. Collection]
- hungerfordi** Cook, 1954, op. cit., p. 52, pl. 2, figs. 14-16. [C.N.H.M. Collection]
- interpositus** Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 13: 176-178, pl. 1, figs. 6-10.  
*angustocaudatus* Marshall, 1908, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 28: 116, pl. 16, figs. 77-79. [Marshall Collection]
- laticornis** Marshall, 1908, op. cit., p. 122, pl. 19, figs. 99-101. [Marshall Collection]
- lautus** Koenike, 1895, Abh. naturw. Ver. Bremen, 13: 172-176, pl. 1, figs. 1-5.
- magnicaudatus** Marshall, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 28: 123-124, pl. 20, figs. 106-108. [Marshall Collection]
- major** Marshall, 1908, op. cit., pp. 128-129, pl. 21, figs. 118-120, pl. 22, fig. 121. [Marshall Collection]
- maryellenae** Cook, 1954, op. cit., 73: 57, pl. 4, figs. 40, 44. [C.N.H.M. Collection]
- neosuperior** Cook, 1954, op. cit., p. 56, pl. 4, figs. 37-38. [C.N.H.M. Collection]
- pinguisomus** Cook, 1954, op. cit., pp. 44, 46, pl. 1, figs. 9, 12. [C.N.H.M. Collection]
- pistillatus** Marshall, 1908, op. cit., 28: 119-120, pl. 18, figs. 90-92. [Marshall Collection]
- planus** Marshall, 1908, op. cit., pp. 115-116, pl. 16, figs. 75-76. [Marshall Collection]  
subsp. *ventropetiolatus* Lavers, 1945, op. cit., 64: 250-251, pl. 4, figs. 39-42, pl. 6, fig. 59. [Marshall Collection]
- platy-rotundo-cuspidator** Münchberg, 1951, Arch. Hydrobiol., 45: 383-388, figs. 1-8.

- pleopetiolatus* Marshall, 1944, Amer. Midl. Nat., 31: 635, 637, pl. 3, figs. 12-16. [Marshall Collection]
- pollictus* Marshall, 1910, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 29: 106-107, pl. 1, figs. 9-10, pl. 3, figs. 25-28. [Marshall Collection]
- pseudosuperior* Cook, 1954, op. cit., 73: 55-56, pl. 4, figs. 41-42. [C.N.H.M. Collection]
- reflexus* Marshall, 1908, op. cit., 28: 117-118, pl. 17, figs. 84-86. [Marshall Collection]
- serratus* Marshall, 1919, op. cit., 38: 276, pl. 29, figs. 1-7. [Marshall Collection]
- superior* Marshall, 1908, op. cit., 28: 124-125, pl. 20, figs. 109-111. [Marshall Collection]
- tacomaensis* Marshall, 1924, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 21: 213-214, pl. 7, figs. 1-5. [Marshall Collection]
- tetratumuli* Münchberg, 1953, Zool. Jahrb. (Syst.), 82: 51-56, figs. 1-9.
- trifoliatus* Marshall, 1908, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 28: 115, pl. 15, figs. 72-74. [Marshall Collection]
- wallensis* Cook, 1954, op. cit., 73: 57-58, pl. 4, figs. 36, 43. [C.N.H.M. Collection]
- wolcottii* Marshall, 1908, op. cit., 28: 118-119, pl. 17, fig. 87, pl. 18, figs. 88-89. [Marshall Collection]

#### Incertae sedis

The names listed below represent species that cannot be entered in the modern taxonomic system because of the inadequacy of the descriptions. The species are listed in alphabetical order.

- Arrhenurus acerformis* Marshall, 1924, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 21: 215, pl. 8, figs. 8, 9, 13. [Marshall Collection]
- Arrhenurus hirsutus* Marshall, op. cit., p. 215, pl. 8, figs. 10-12. [Marshall Collection]

[This and the previous species of *Arrhenurus* are based only on females and cannot be properly entered into the generic system.]

- Hydrachna coccinea* Haldeman, 1843, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philadelphia, 1: 196. [Probably Hydryphantidae.]

*Hydrachna nebulosa* Haldeman, op. cit., p. 196. [Not *Hydrachna*.]

- Hydrachna pyriformis* Dana and Whelpley, 1836, Amer. Jour. Sci., (1), 30: 358-359, pl. 1, fig. 9. [Probably *Unionicola*.]

*Hydrachna scabra* Haldeman, 1843, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philadelphia, 1: 184. [Hydryphantae?]

*Hydrachna triangularis* Say, 1821, Jour. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philadelphia, 2: 59. [Probably *Unionicola*.]

*Hydrachna tricolor* Packard, 1871, Amer. Jour. Sci., (3), 1: 108. [There is no clue to the genus of this species in the description.]

*Hydrachna 5-undulata* Haldeman, 1843, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philadelphia, 1: 184. [*Limnesia*?]

*Steganaspis arrenuroides* Wolcott, 1901, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 22: 105-109, pl. 21, figs. 1-6. [A larval description that cannot be placed in a taxonomic system that is based on adult characters.]

*Unionicola humerosa* Haldeman, 1842, Zool. Contr., 1, (1), p. 2, pl. 1, fig. 11.

*Unionicola lactea* Haldeman, 1842, op. cit., p. 1, pl. 1, figs. 6-8.

- Unionicola lugubris* Haldeman, 1842, Zool. Contr., 1, (1), p. 2.  
*Unionicola oriformis* Haldeman, 1842, op. cit., p. 1, pl. 1, figs. 1-5.  
*Unionicola personata* Haldeman, 1842, op. cit., p. 2, pl. 1, fig. 10.  
*Unionicola proxima* Haldeman, 1842, op. cit., p. 2.  
*Unionicola reticulata* Haldeman, 1842, op. cit., p. 3, pl. 1, fig. 9.  
*Unionicola symmetrica* Haldeman, 1842, op. cit., p. 2.  
*Unionicola unicolor* Haldeman, 1842, op. cit., p. 3.

[The preceding nine species are all defined on color differences. I agree with Wolcott (1899, p. 233) that these species are likely to be *U. ypsilophora* Bonz.]

### Rejected Records

Records of Old World species from the New World that cannot be verified or properly assigned are listed here.

- Leidy, 1883, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila., 35: 44-46. *Atax* [*Unionicola*] *bonzi* Claparède is cited and probably represents an erroneous identification. There is no other record of the species from the New World.
- Crowell, 1952, Jour. Elisha Mitchell Sci. Soc., 68: 191-196, 2 pls. Seven Palearctic species are recorded for the first time from North America. Neither the illustrations nor the text gives significant specific features. I have examined the slides and cannot see specific characters.
- Atractides* (*Torrenticola*) *anomalus*, op. cit., p. 192.
- Aturus intermedius*, op. cit., p. 193.
- Hygrobates fluviatilis*, op. cit., pp. 192-193.
- Lebertia natans*, op. cit., p. 192.
- Megapus* (*Atractides*) *walleri*, op. cit., p. 193.
- Sperchon longirostris*, op. cit., p. 192.
- Sperchon squamosus*, op. cit., p. 191.
- Bergstrom, 1953, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 72: 157-162. Forty species are listed, four of them recorded from North America for the first time. Many of the specimens on which these records are based have been examined and the technique of slide preparation is such that reliable specific identifications are impossible. I reject all the records but list only the species new to North America.
- Eylais wilsoni*, op. cit., p. 158.
- Piona nodata*, op. cit., p. 161.
- Piona nodata laminata*, op. cit., p. 161.
- Piona uncata*, op. cit., p. 161.

### Additional Type Material in the Marshall Collection

The species listed below were described by Marshall from outside of North America and are represented by type material in the Marshall Collection.

- Arrenurus asiaticus* Marshall, 1919, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 38: 276-277, pl. 29, figs. 8-10—China.
- Arrenurus distinctus* Marshall, 1919, op. cit., p. 277, pl. 30, figs. 14-16—China.
- Arrenurus epimerosus* Marshall, 1919, op. cit., pp. 278-279, pl. 31, figs. 25-28—Brazil.

- Arrenurus geei* Marshall, 1921, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 40: 172, pl. 11, figs. 26-29—China.
- Arrenurus habanicus* Marshall, 1927, Trans. Ill. Acad. Sci., 19: 198—Cuba.
- Arrenurus maderius* Marshall, 1919, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 38: 279, pl. 31, figs. 29-32—Brazil.
- Arrenurus merrilli* Marshall, 1919, op. cit., pp. 277-278, pl. 30, figs. 17-18—Brazil.
- Arrenurus pisciscaudapetiolatus* Marshall, 1928, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 23: 605, pl. 15, figs. 20-25—China.
- Arrenurus quadricornicus* Marshall, 1919, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 38: 279-280, pl. 31, figs. 33-37—British Guiana.
- Arrenurus scapulatus* Marshall, 1910, op. cit., 29: 98-99, pl. 1, figs. 2-6—Belgian Congo.
- Arrenurus soochowensis* Marshall, 1921, op. cit., 40: 171, pl. 11, figs. 22-25—China.
- Arrenurus triconicus* Marshall, 1919, op. cit., 38: 278, pl. 30, figs. 19-24—British Guiana.
- Arrenurus valenciis* Marshall, 1919, op. cit., p. 277, pl. 29, figs. 11-13—Venezuela.
- Hydrachna nova* Marshall, 1928, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 23: 601-602, pl. 13, figs. 1-4—China.
- Hydrachna simulans* Marshall, 1928, op. cit., p. 602, pl. 14, figs. 16-18—China.
- Koenikea indistincta* Marshall, 1936, Carnegie Inst. Wash. Pub., no. 457, p. 134, figs. 1-5—Yucatan.
- Limnesia koenikei* var. *asiatica* Marshall, 1928, op. cit., p. 604, pl. 14, figs. 13-15—China.
- Neumania cenotea* Marshall, 1936, Carnegie Inst. Wash. Pub., no. 457, pp. 133-134, figs. 6-8—Yucatan.
- Neumania geei* Marshall, 1928, Trans. Wis. Acad. Sci., 23: 603-604, pl. 14, figs. 10-12—China.
- Piona erratica* Marshall, 1940, Trans. Amer. Micros. Soc., 59: 377-378, pl. 2, figs. 8-11—Argentina.
- Piona marianaensis* Marshall, 1927, Trans. Ill. Acad. Sci., 19: 198—Cuba.
- Piona pearsei* Marshall, 1936, Carnegie Inst. Wash. Pub., no. 457, pp. 134-135, figs. 9-14—Yucatan.
- Xystonotus torrei* Marshall, 1927, Trans. Ill. Acad. Sci., 19: 198-199—Cuba.

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